## T-79.148 Introduction to Theoretical Computer Science Tutorial 7 Problems

## Homework problems:

1. Design a right-linear grammar that generates the language

 $\{w \in \{0,1\}^* \mid \text{ the number of 1s in } w \text{ is divisible by 3}\}$ 

(Cf. Problem 3/1d.)

- 2. Desing a context-free grammar that produces all syntactically correct regular expressions over the alphabet  $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$ . Give a parse tree for the expression  $(a \cup bb)^*a$ .
- 3. Construct a context-free grammar for the language:

$$\{a^i b^j a^k \mid i \ge j \text{ or } i \ge k\}$$

Is your grammar ambiguous?

## **Demonstration problems:**

- 4. Prove that the class of context-free languages is closed under unions, concatenations, and the Kleene star operation, i.e. if the languages  $L_1, L_2 \subseteq \Sigma^*$  are context-free, then so are the languages  $L_1 \cup L_2$ ,  $L_1L_2$  and  $L_1^*$ .
- 5. (a) Prove that the following context-free grammar is ambiguous:

$$\begin{array}{rcl} S & \to & \text{if } b \text{ then } S \\ S & \to & \text{if } b \text{ then } S \text{ else } S \\ S & \to & s. \end{array}$$

- (b) Design an unambiguous grammar that is equivalent to the grammar in item (a), i.e. that generates the same language. (*Hint:* Introduce new nonterminals B and U that generate, respectively, only "balanced" and "unbalanced" if-then-else-sequences.)
- 6. Design a recursive-descent (top-down) parser for the grammar from Problem 6/6.