

1. Consider a normal logic program P consisting of the following rules.

$$a \leftarrow b, d. \quad a \leftarrow \sim d. \quad b \leftarrow c, \sim e. \quad c \leftarrow a. \quad d \leftarrow \sim e. \quad e \leftarrow \sim d$$

Determine the following sets of interpretations for P :

- (a) $\text{CM}(P)$,
 - (b) $\text{SuppM}(P)$, and
 - (c) $\text{SM}(P)$.
2. Form $\text{Comp}(P)$ and $\text{LoopF}(P)$ for the program addressed in the previous assignment. Then calculate
- (a) $\text{CM}(\text{Comp}(P))$ and
 - (b) $\text{CM}(\text{Comp}(P) \cup \text{LoopF}(P))$.
3. Analyze the normal program P_n given in Figure 1 and prove that P_n is tight on a supported model $M =$

$$\begin{aligned} & \{\text{Node}(x) \mid 0 \leq x \leq n\} \cup \{\text{Edge}(x, x+1) \mid 0 \leq x < n\} \cup \\ & \{\text{Edge}(n, 0), \text{Out}(n, 0)\} \cup \{\text{In}(x, x+1) \mid 0 \leq x < n\} \cup \\ & \{\text{Reach}(x, y) \mid 0 \leq x < y \leq n\}. \end{aligned}$$

Provide a concrete numbering $\lambda : M \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$ in your proof.

4. Continue the analysis of P_n from Figure 1:
- (a) Identify loops in $\text{DG}^+(\text{Gnd}(P_n))$.
 - (b) What can be stated about the respective disjunctive loop formulas $\text{LoopF}(L, \text{Gnd}(P_n))$?

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Edge}(0, 1). \quad \dots \quad \text{Edge}(n-1, n). \quad \text{Edge}(n, 0). \\ & \text{In}(x, y) \leftarrow \sim \text{Out}(x, y), \text{Edge}(x, y). \quad \text{Out}(x, y) \leftarrow \sim \text{In}(x, y), \text{Edge}(x, y). \\ & \text{F} \leftarrow \text{In}(0, 1), \dots, \text{In}(n-1, n), \text{In}(n, 0), \sim \text{F}. \\ & \text{F} \leftarrow \text{Out}(x, y), \text{Out}(z, v), \sim \text{F}, \text{Edge}(x, y), \text{Edge}(z, v), x \neq z. \\ & \text{Reach}(x, y) \leftarrow \text{In}(x, y), \text{Edge}(x, y). \quad \text{Node}(x) \leftarrow \text{Edge}(x, y). \\ & \text{Reach}(x, y) \leftarrow \text{Reach}(x, z), \text{In}(z, y), \text{Node}(x), \text{Edge}(z, y), y \neq z. \end{aligned}$$

Figure 1: Example of a tight program